

CONFERENCE ON THE FUTURE OF EUROPE

Contributions of the Austrian Federal Economic Chamber (WKÖ) to the further development of the European Union:

WKÖ calls for measures for a competitive & resilient, sustainable, digital & innovative business location Europe.



A COMPETITIVE AND RESILIENT FUROPE

Deepening the Single Market, making it more resilient and larger

- A Ensure free circulation of goods, workers and services even in times of crisis
- EU-wide electronic notification system for the provision of services – reduce notification obligations and create guery options for authorities
- Introduce a strategy for securing skilled workers by promoting mobility within Europe and focusing on education and training, position the EU as destination for international talents
- Establish and finance efficient Trans-European Transport Networks; simplify EU social legislation relating to road transport
- Advocate a **credible enlargement strategy** and communicate the EU's role more strongly

Actively shaping trade policy

- Create and implement better market access and modern trade rules through the WTO and further EU trade agreements with key trading partners
- Secure supplies of key raw materials and intermediate products; agree on trade facilitation for new technologies (for ex. environmental technologies)
- Promote information on the importance of international trade for prosperity and jobs; provide explanations of international trade rules tailored to SMEs; simplify rules of origin
- Implement reporting and auditing obligations as well as liabilities along the value chain with a sense of proportion and on a voluntary basis

Guaranteeing Europe's open strategic autonomy, crisis resilience and security of supply

- Further develop the principles of open and fair trade and avoid protectionist tendencies
- Improve the safeguarding, diversification and resilience of international value chains; reduce the EU's dependencies and strengthen Europe as production site in important areas

Creating a European Health Union involving businesses

- Use EU funding programmes for supporting the development and commercialisation of research results by companies in the health sector
- Secure patent protection as an important pillar of any research activity

Strengthening the rule of law by including the economic dimension

Create a new, legally binding and easily accessible system of protection for investors from EU Member States

Cutting red tape for businesses

Reduce existing burdens; respect the "Think Small First" principle in all legislative proposals; use technically simple possibilities for necessary data collection

Securing sustainable public finances

Balanced public finances, transparency and simplification as the main goals of the reform of the EU's fiscal rules; further steps of the euro area towards a debt union not reasonable; maintain the existing EU own resources system

Advancing work on the capital markets union

- Further strengthen risk capital as an important factor for innovation and for securing competitiveness; accelerate investment in retirement schemes via the capital markets
- Secure credit financing as the main external form of financing for SMEs and preserve the diverse banking structure in Europe



A SUSTAINABLE EUROPE

Consistently advocating climate neutrality on a global level

- Extend the Paris climate agreement by introducing a global CO2 price and prepare the ground for this with a climate alliance of leading industrial nations
- Strengthen industry protection against carbon leakage with sufficient free certificates in the emissions trading system until a level playing field has been achieved
- Establish energy partnerships with economic areas
- In revising the Energy Taxation Directive, support companies for the transformation towards a lowcarbon economy in the best possible way

Supporting the decarbonisation of transport

- Provide more EU funding for alternative fuels and transition technologies and for associated infrastructure, further develop rail transport
- Shift transport from third countries at EU external borders to low-carbon or carbon-neutral modes of transport; cut red tape in rail transport; address transit in an economically compatible way also at EU level

Securing energy supply and making licensing procedures fit for climate-friendly projects

Ensure sufficient generation capacities and a massive expansion of electricity grids, simplify and accelerate licensing procedures

A DIGITAL AND INNOVATIVE FUROPE

Pushing forward the development of key enabling technologies in Europe

- Step up research and innovation activities in key enabling technologies such as AI or nanotechnology
- Promote the commercialisation of results generated by research and innovation activities inside the European Research Area

Strengthening framework conditions for innovative companies and the innovative power of SMEs

- Support the use of regulatory sandboxes under the supervision of a regulator
- Design intellectual property management in an optimal way for promoting innovation
- Enable participation in funding applications with little administrative burden and access to publicly funded research infrastructures; extend financing opportunities for SMEs, start-ups and spin-offs with high-risk innovation projects

Considering data as a strategic resource and enhancing their accessibility

- Make public sector datasets accessible for innovation activities; support companies in the development of innovative data-based business models
- Accelerate the deployment of high-performance broadband infrastructure

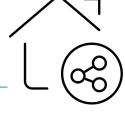
Strengthening the European Cybersecurity Economy

- Make the development and preservation of European know-how a matter of priority for European funding programmes
- Adapt EU procurement rules or interpret them in such a way that European suppliers are given a winning edge

Promoting Digital Education

Promote digital education on all levels of education and implement the EU Skills Agenda with regard to digital skills





INSTITUTIONAL QUESTIONS

- 7 Focus more strongly on the **uniform application**, **implementation and enforcement** of existing legislation
- Maintain unanimity in areas sensitive to Member States, for ex. taxation including energy taxes, social security and social protection, management of water resources, choice of energy sources
- 7 Pay greater attention to the principles of subsidiarity, proportionality and the rule of law
- Use delegated acts and implementing acts more restrictively



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